Hi, I'm Harriet.



## TALKING HISTORY

with

Harriet & Roxanne™

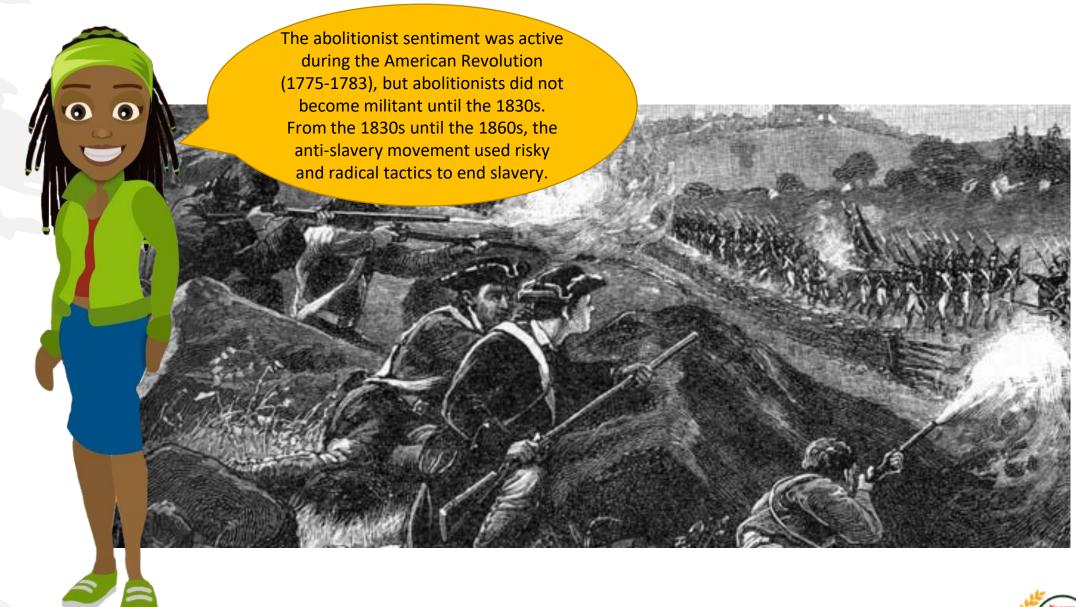
The Abolition Movement

And I'm Roxanne. Join us for..













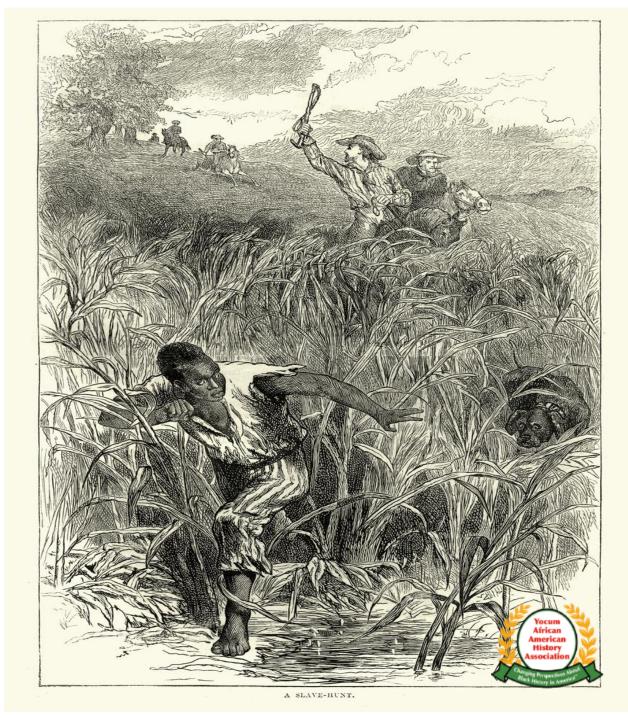


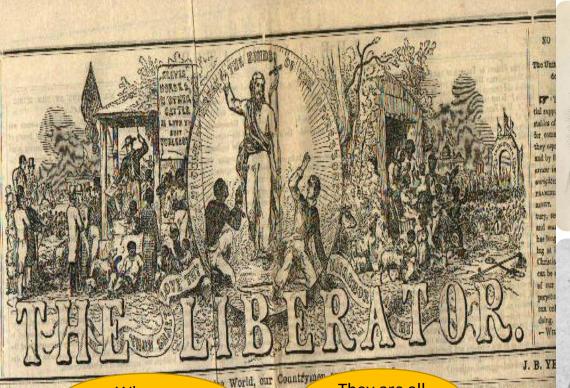


Interesting. Why did the Quakers and other abolitionists want to free the slaves?

The abolitionists were both white and black, and they wanted to end slavery because they lived in a nation that valued personal freedom. They thought it was immoral to keep slaves, so they risked their own lives to free slaves and help them escape.







Who are these people?

They are all abolitionists.

WHOLE

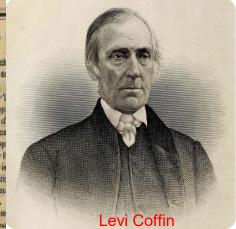
Let the people of Muser declarations or those, and legitimate and inovitable re more sute to make a Gores. Andrew than they would vote for.

andth time, fourish in Knoth with the inq. ous.' So in the themen wel so are many pat- main, whether

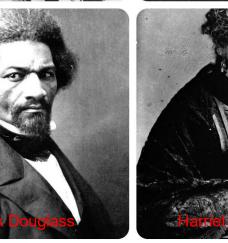
the Providential chotion is upon us, our ernative. It is a question of life port hall, we say place inconte

> adiet Episcopal Church is no poseixetion. Its functions are spiritual and

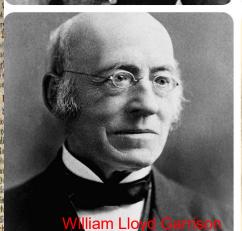
The state of the s

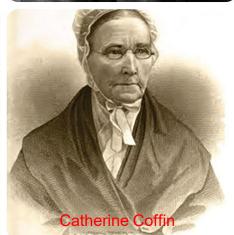


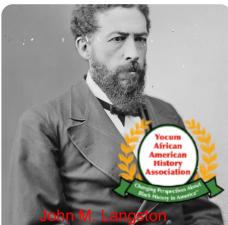


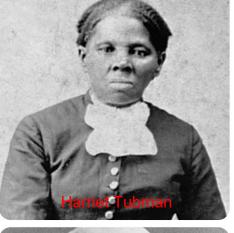


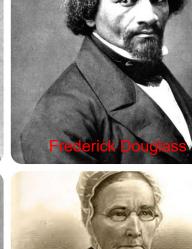








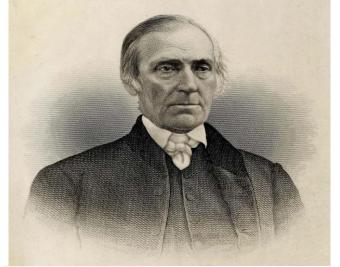




Editor.









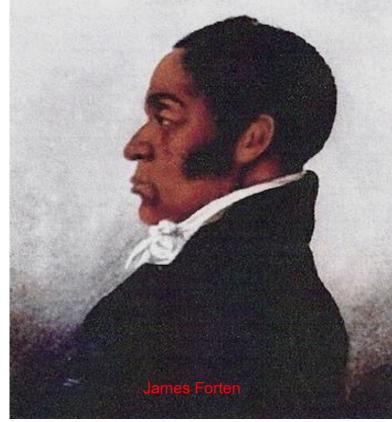


This is Levi & Catherine Coffin, Quaker abolitionists, who lived in Indiana & Ohio and helped more than three thousand slaves gain their freedom. He wrote his memoir, *Reminiscences of Levi Coffin,* that told the dangers of his experiences.







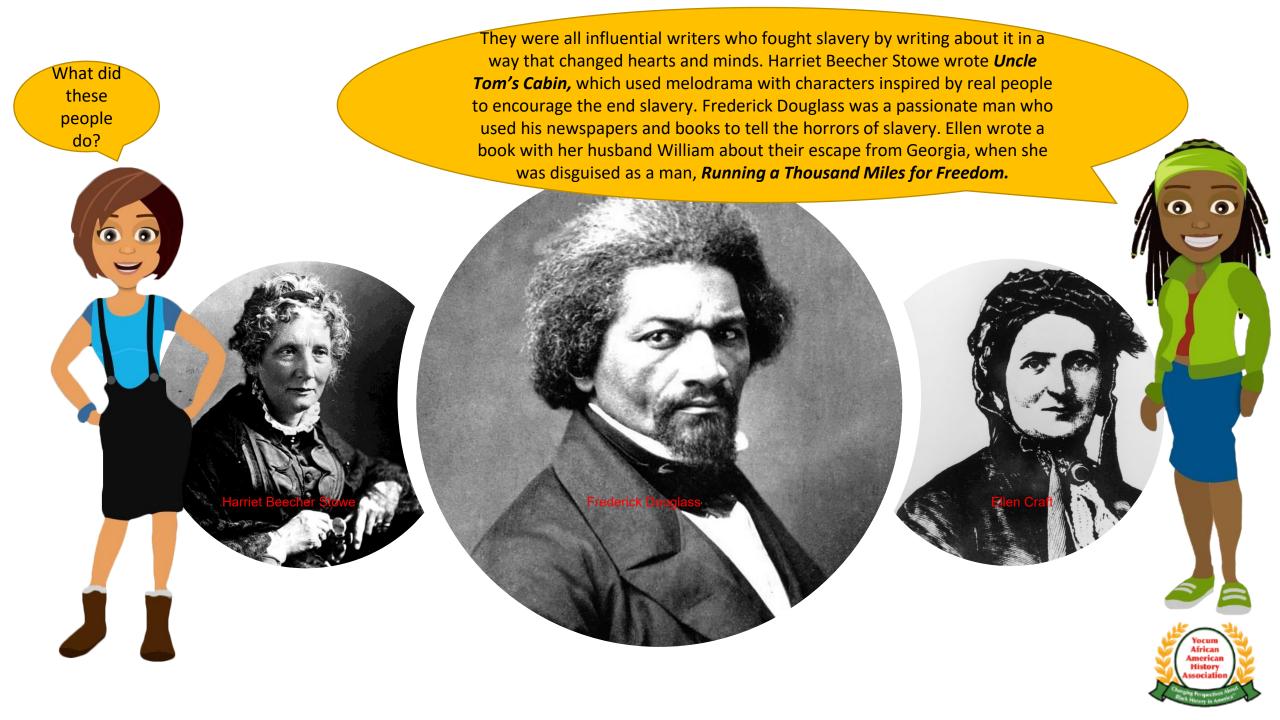




How did these two men help the abolitionist movement?

James Forten was a wealthy free black who made his fortune as a sailmaker. His wife & three of his daughters were influential abolitionists too. He helped William Lloyd Garrison finance his newspaper, *The Liberator*, and worked with Garrison to free slaves and gave speeches about the evils of slavery.







Harriet Tubman & John Langston had very different experiences, but their common goal as abolitionists were the same. Harriet was an escaped slave who became a Union spy & scout. She led hundreds of slaves to freedom. John was the son of a plantation owner and a black mother. He was educated, became a U.S. Congressman and helped write the 1875 Civil Rights Law. He was the founding dean of the Howard University law school.













Help us keep educating America about black history. To keep this information coming, consider supporting us by donating at

https://www.yocumblackhistory.org/donate/



